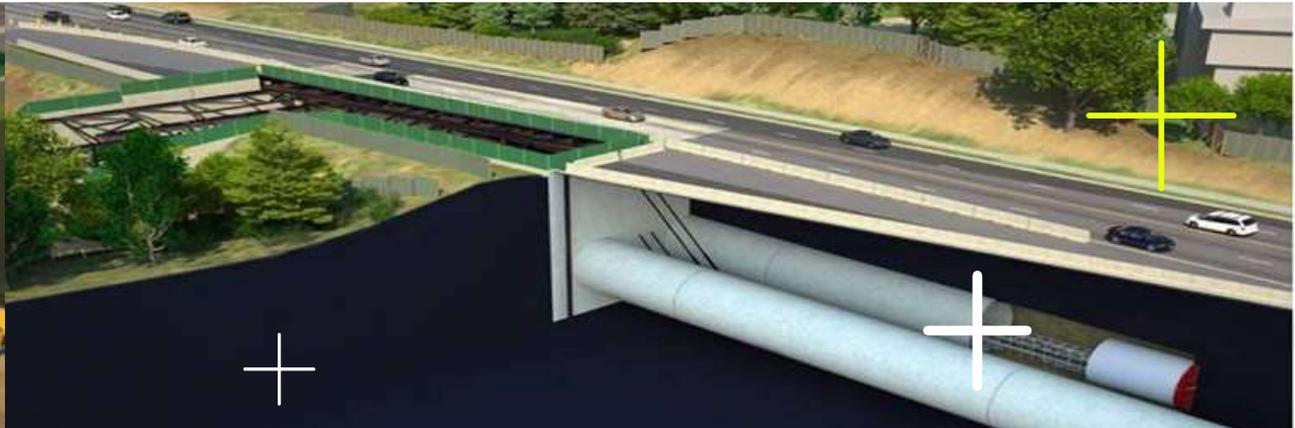


+ Considérations techniques pour la planification, la conception et la construction d'un projet de transport en commun dans un milieu densément peuplé



Le cas du projet de système léger sur rail Eglinton Scarborough Crosstown

Jean Habimana, ing., PE, Ph. D.

HATCH

Ordre du jour

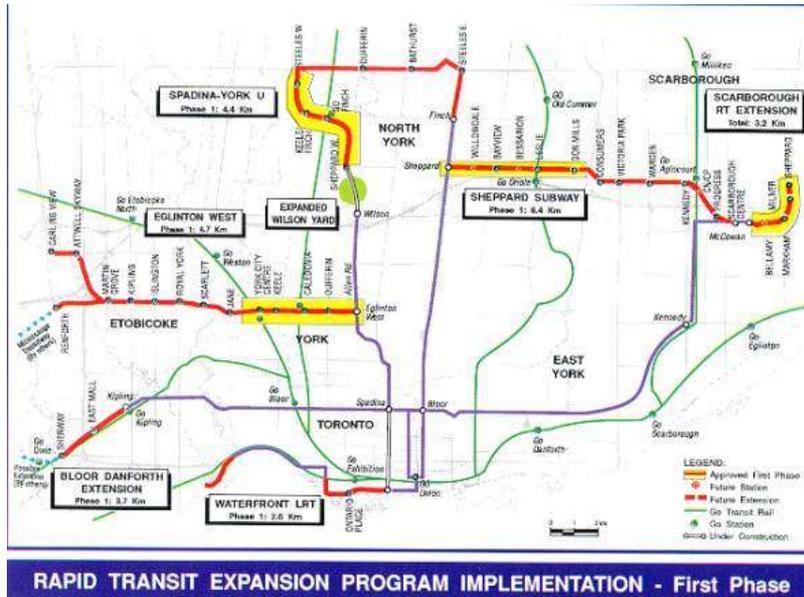
- Historique du projet
- Envergure du programme
- Quelques enjeux de planification, de conception et réalisation



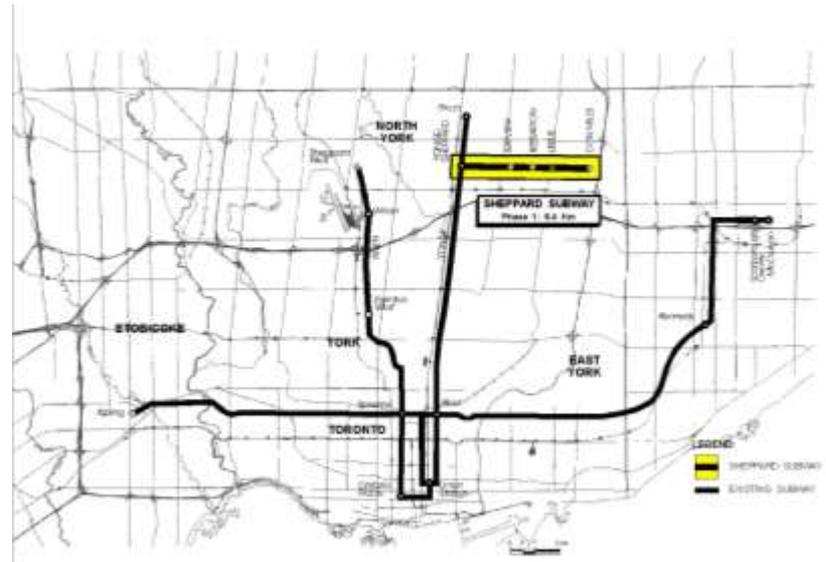
Original image without dividing of Y-U-S via TourByTransit @ <http://tourbytransit.com/toronto/images/Toronto-Subway-Map.png>

Historique du projet

1991 – “Rapid Transit Expansion”

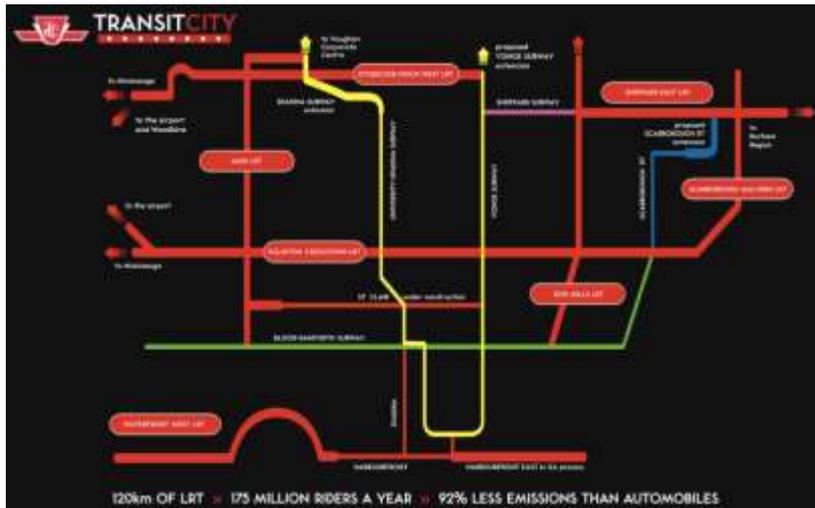


2007 – Prolongement de Sheppard

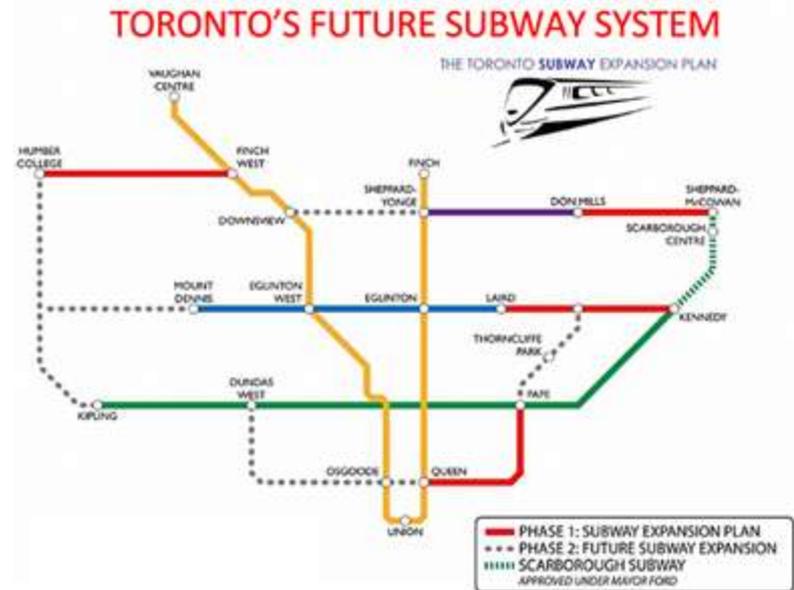


Historique du projet

2007 – Transit City



2010 – Transit Expansion



Historique du projet

2012 – Accord entre la Ville et Metrolinx

Budget total 8,4 milliards \$ (du gouvernement provincial)

Eglinton Crosstown

– 25 km

- 10 km de voies souterraines
- 8 km en surface
- 1 km de voie surélevée
- 6 km de conversion en SLR

– 12 stations souterraines

– 12 gares en surface



Contexte du projet (2012)

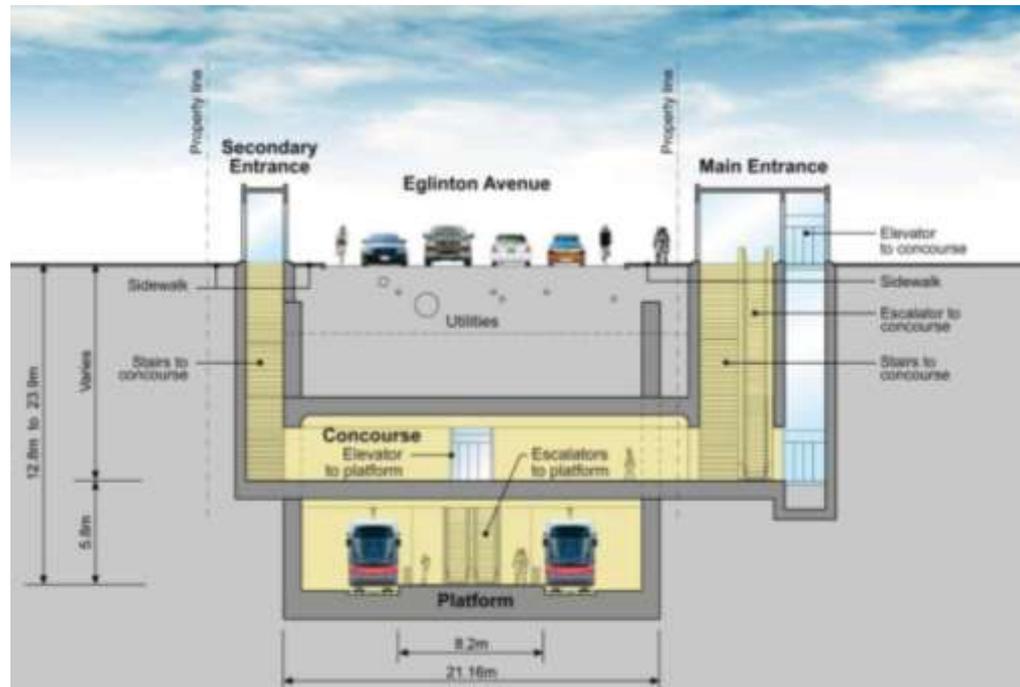
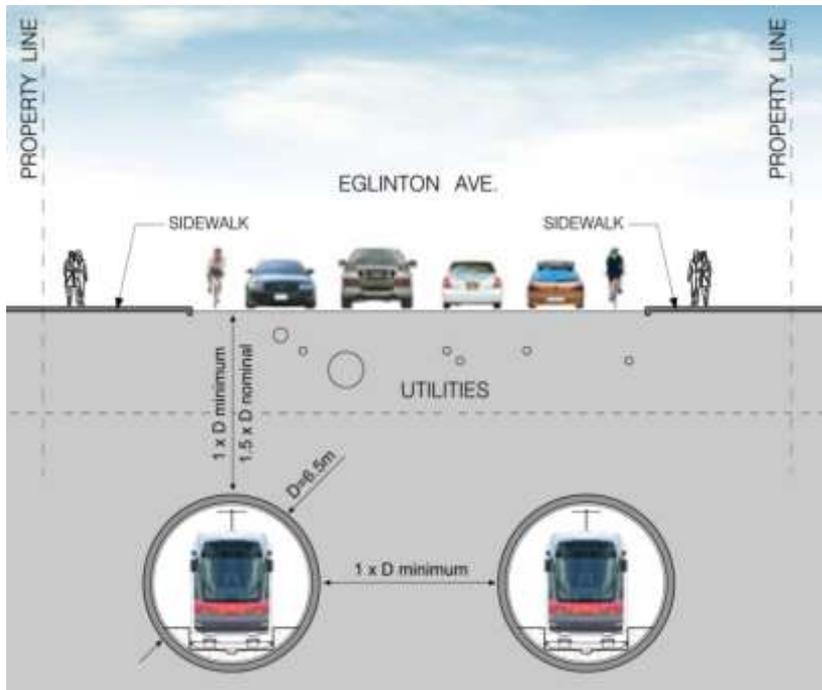
- Préachat (déjà attribué)
 - 4 tunneliers
 - Voussoirs préfabriqués
 - Trains
- Mode traditionnel
 - Puits de lancement
 - Excavation des tunnels
- Financement innovant (PPP)
 - Stations
 - Exploitation
 - Systèmes



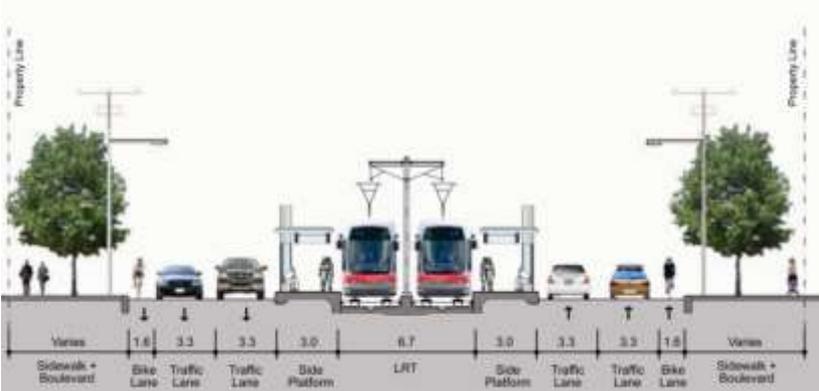
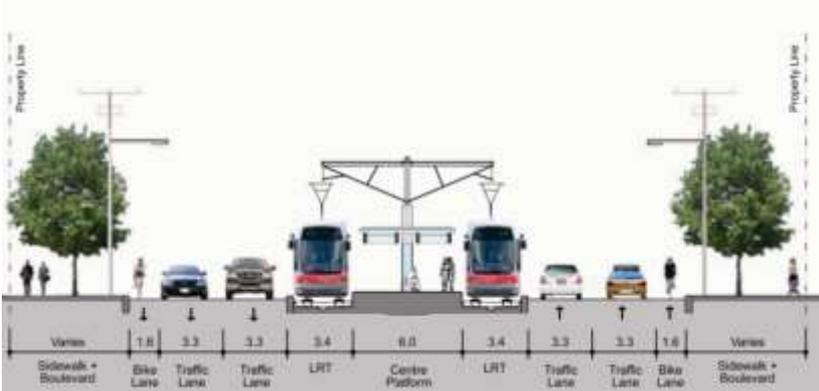
Excavation à ciel ouvert



Établir la profondeur du tunnel



Configuration en surface



Approche utilisée pour atteindre les objectifs de Metrolinx

- Basée sur notre expérience antérieure et les pratiques actuelles
- Rencontrer les échéanciers (2020)
- Finir les travaux des tunnels pour l'excavation des stations et l'installation des équipements
- 4 nouveaux tunneliers ont été commandés
- Phasage des travaux pour maximiser la performance des tunneliers et leur entretien (tronçons de 3 km jugés optimaux)



Contrat en préachat

- Tunneliers
 - Contrat attribué à Lovat (Caterpillar) en juillet 2010
 - 4 tunneliers
 - Fournis aux entrepreneurs avec une garantie de performance
 - Coût: 62 M\$
- Voussoirs
 - Contrat attribué à Monroe
 - Système de contrôle de qualité
 - Coût: 80 M\$
- Trains
 - Contrat attribué à Bombardier en juin 2010
 - Coût: 770 M\$



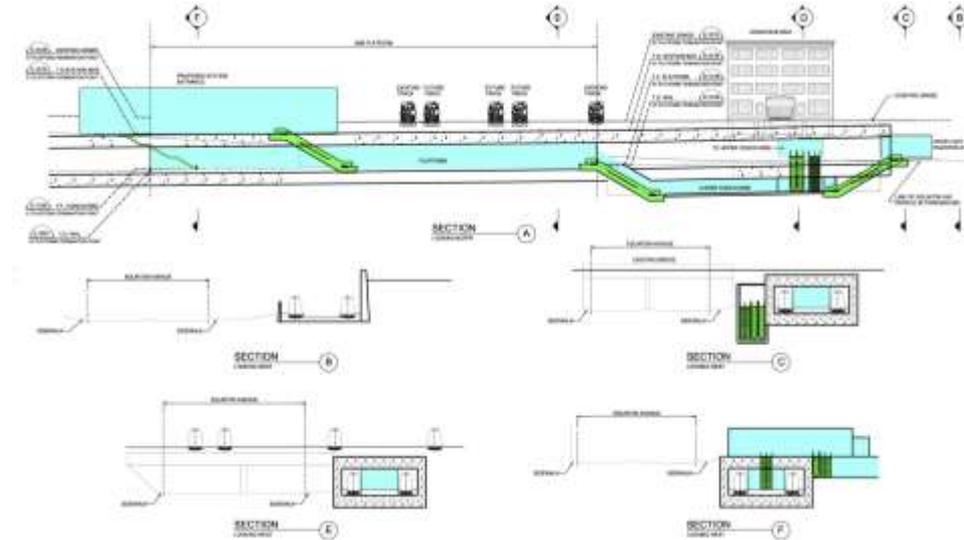
Contrat en mode traditionnel

- Puits de lancement à Keele
 - Excavation et support temporaire
 - Attribué au consortium (Kenaiden/Obayashi)
- Excavation des tunnels Ouest
 - Deux tunnels jumeaux
 - **1 sortie d'urgence**
 - Galeries de connections tous les 380 m
 - Attribué à Obayashi/Kenaiden/Kenny
 - Coût: 283 M\$
- Excavation tunnels est
 - Deux tunnels jumeaux
 - **2 sorties d'urgence**
 - Galeries de connections tous les 380 m
 - Attribué à Aecon/Dragados
 - Coût: 177 M\$

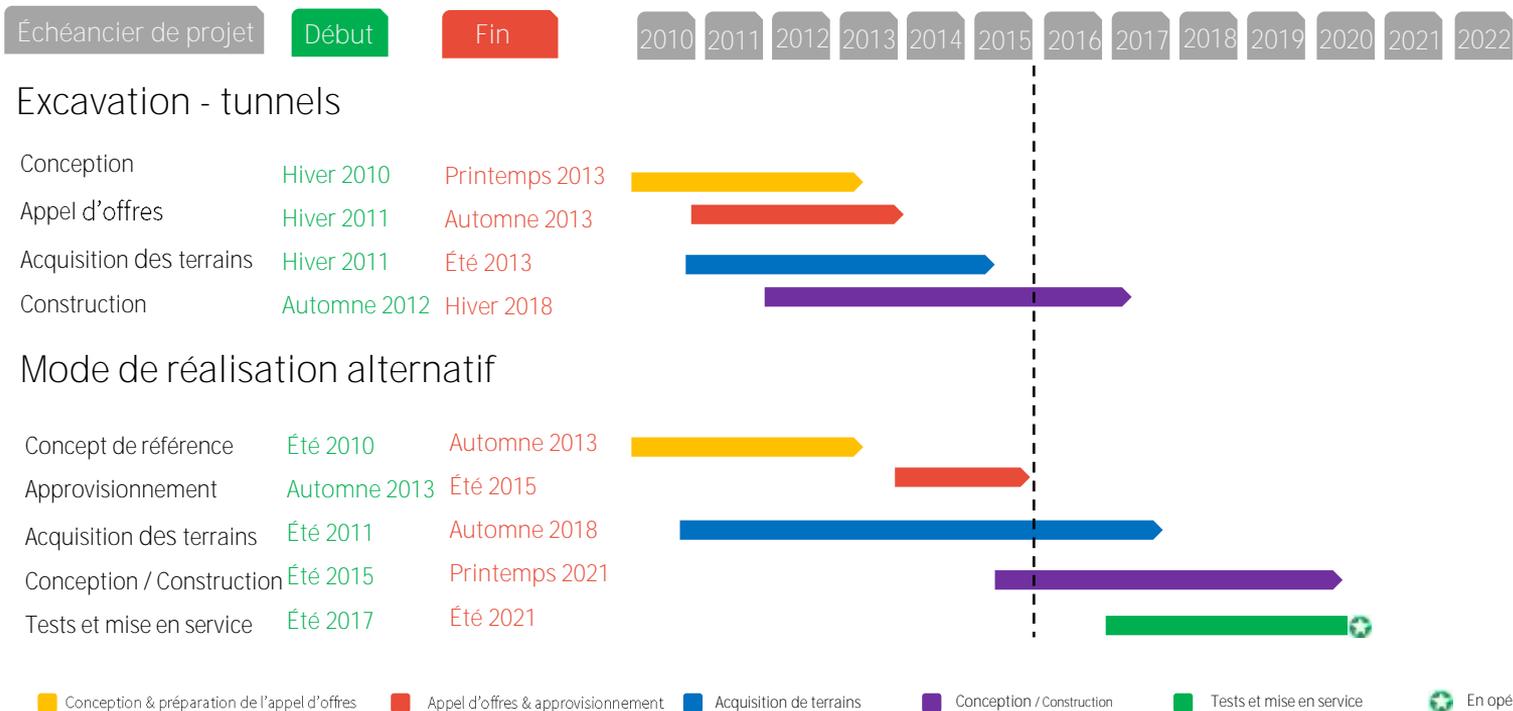


Concept de référence pour le contrat PPP

- Envergure
 - 12 stations souterraines (la conception de 6 stations est déjà complétée)
 - Tous les travaux de surface dont 12 gares en surface
 - **Ponts et garage d'entretien et de stockage**
 - Tous les systèmes
 - Entretien des infrastructures et des trains pour 30 ans
- Consortium SNC-Lavalin, AECON, ACS Infrastructure et EllisDon en novembre 2015
- Coût: 9,1 G\$
- À compléter en 2021



Le contrat PPP

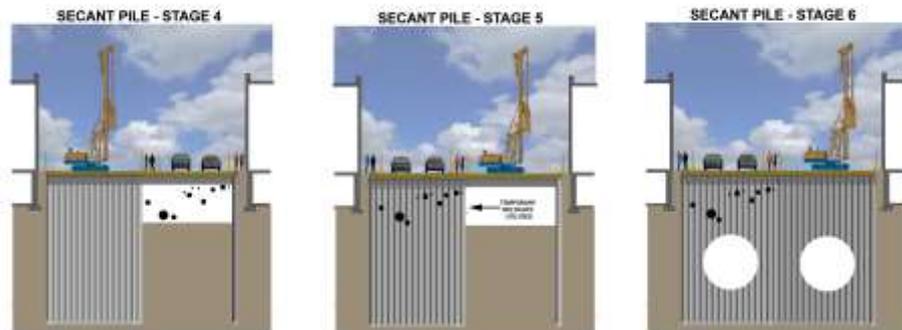


Quelques aspects de conception

- Caractériser les conditions géologiques
- Minimiser les impacts sur les riverains
- Protéger les infrastructures existantes
- Identifier les obstructions

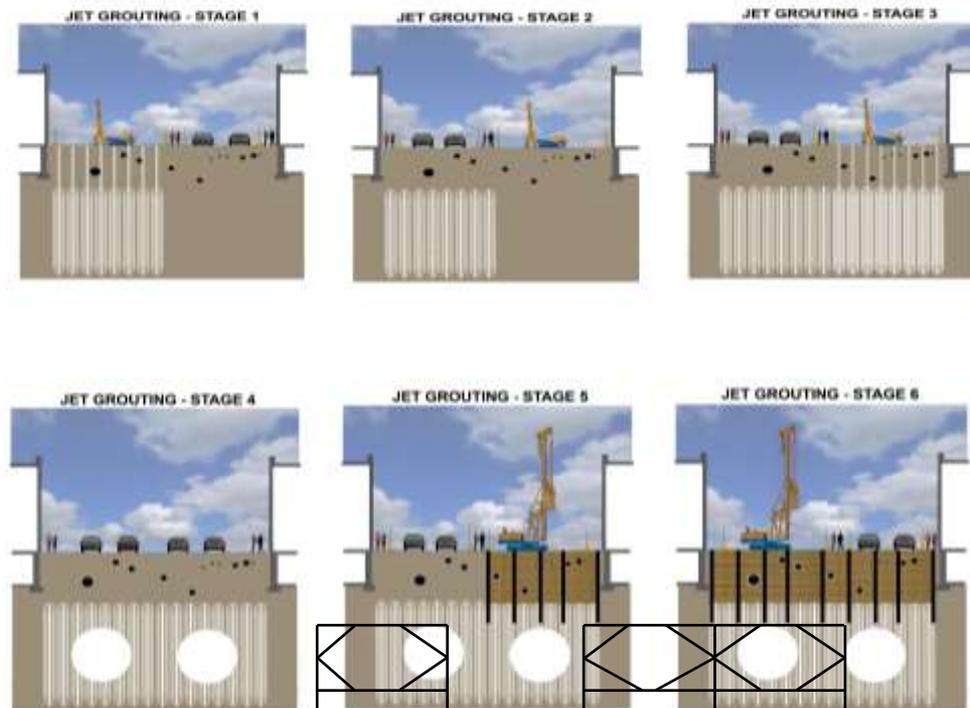
Expérience précédente d'utilisation de murs sécants pour construire les murs de têtes

- Relocaliser les réseaux des utilités publiques
- Plaintes des riverains
- Impact sur la circulation
- Impact sur les coûts
- **Impact sur l'échéancier**



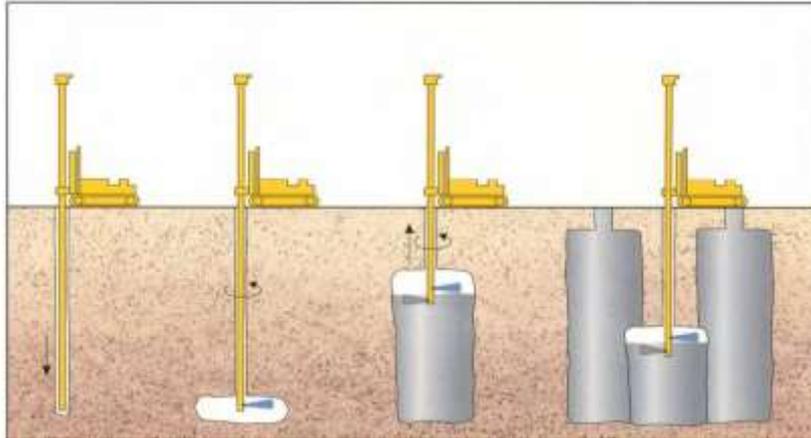
Utilisation de la technique « *Jet Grouting* » pour construire les murs de têtes

- Aucune relocalisation des réseaux des utilités publiques
- Réduction des plaintes des riverains
- Réduction d'impact sur la circulation
- Réduction d'impact sur les coûts
- Réduction d'impact sur l'échéancier



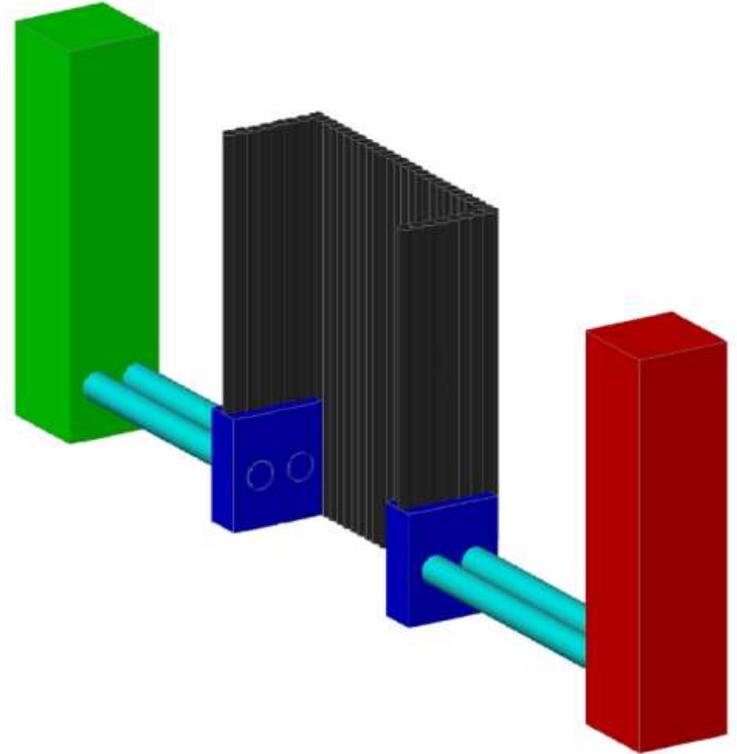
Technique de « *Jet Grouting* »

Technique utilisée pour la consolidation des sols et l'assèchement des puits profonds

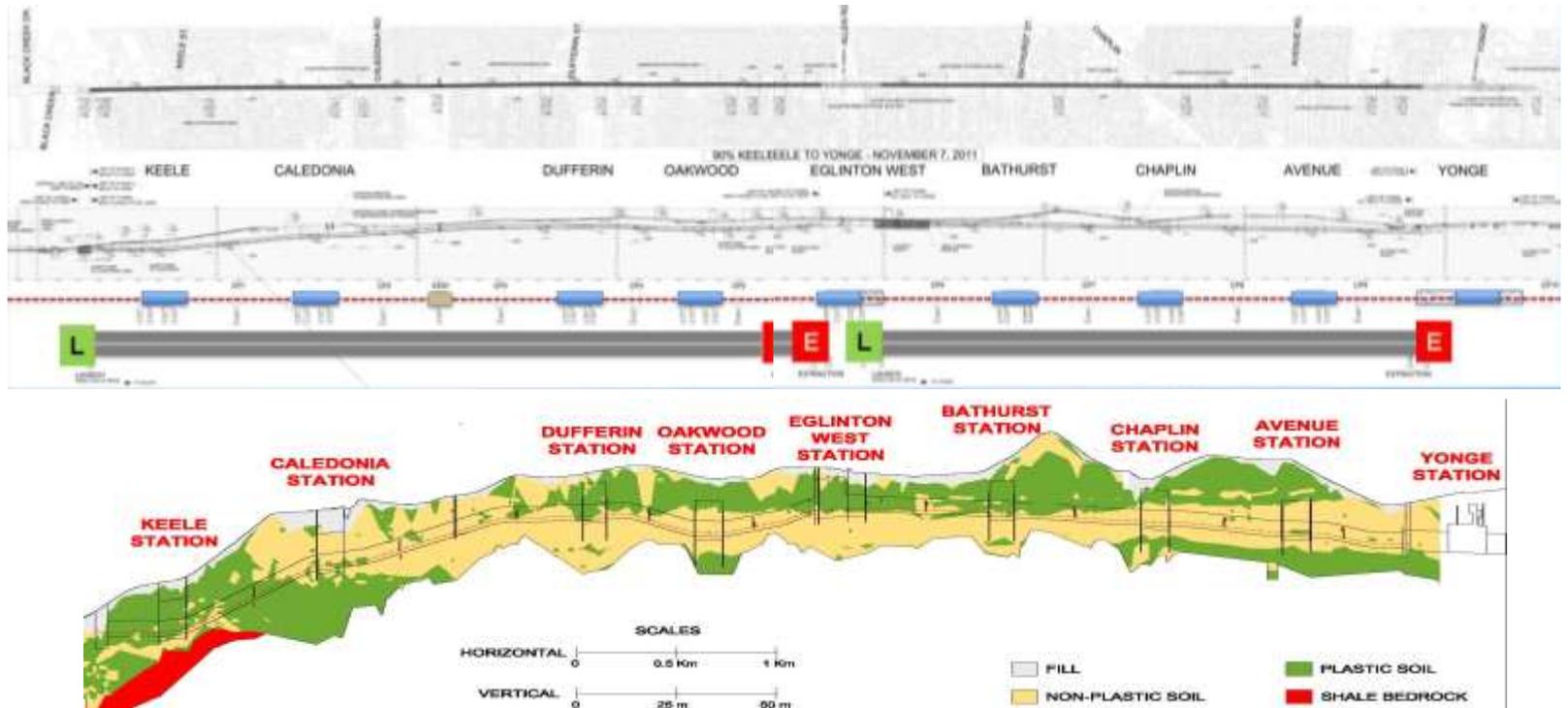


Contrats de construction des tunnels

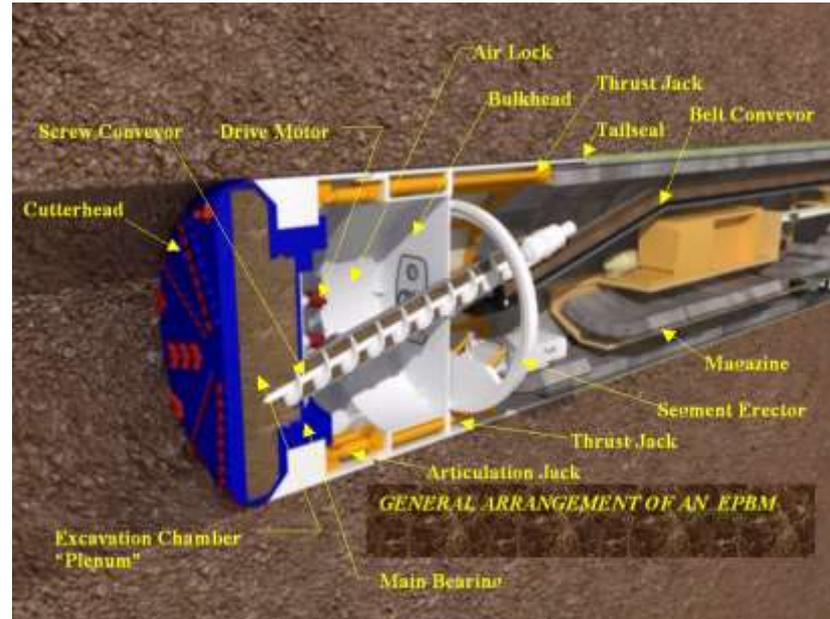
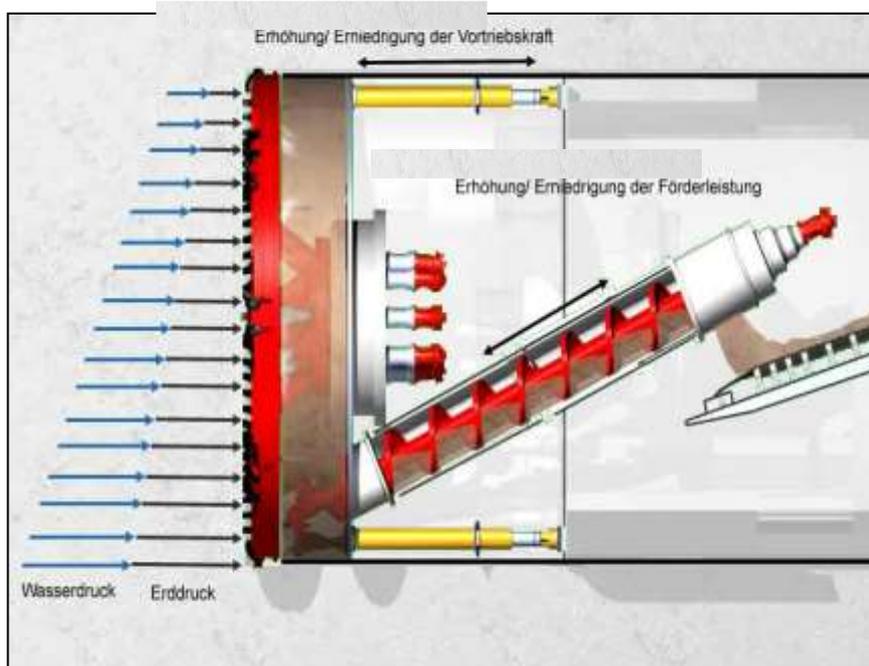
- Contrat Ouest
 - Tunnels jumeaux du puits de lancement jusqu'à la station Yonge
- Contrat Est
 - Tunnels jumeaux de la station De Mills à la station Yonge
- Inclus les puits de lancement et d'extraction, excluant le puits de lancement ouest
- Sorties d'urgence et galeries de connexions
- Murs de têtes pour l'excavation des stations



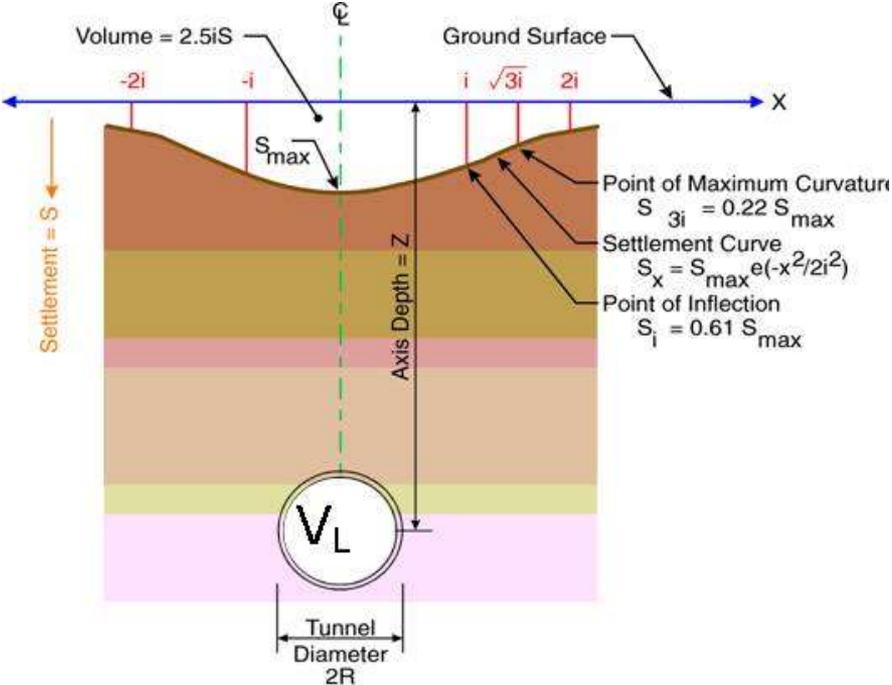
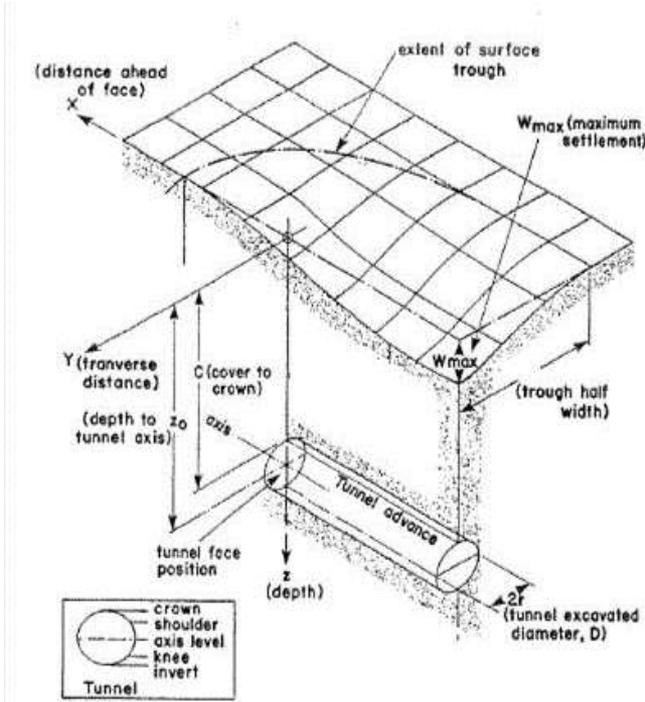
Premier contrat de tunnels



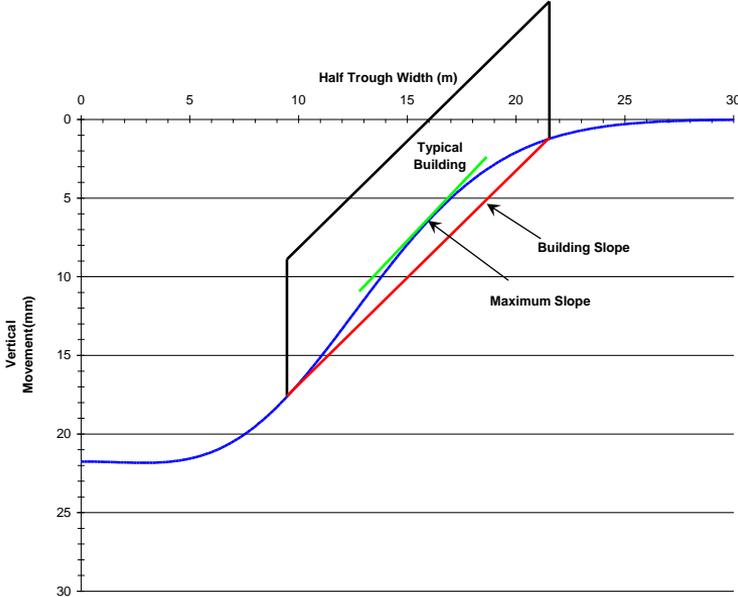
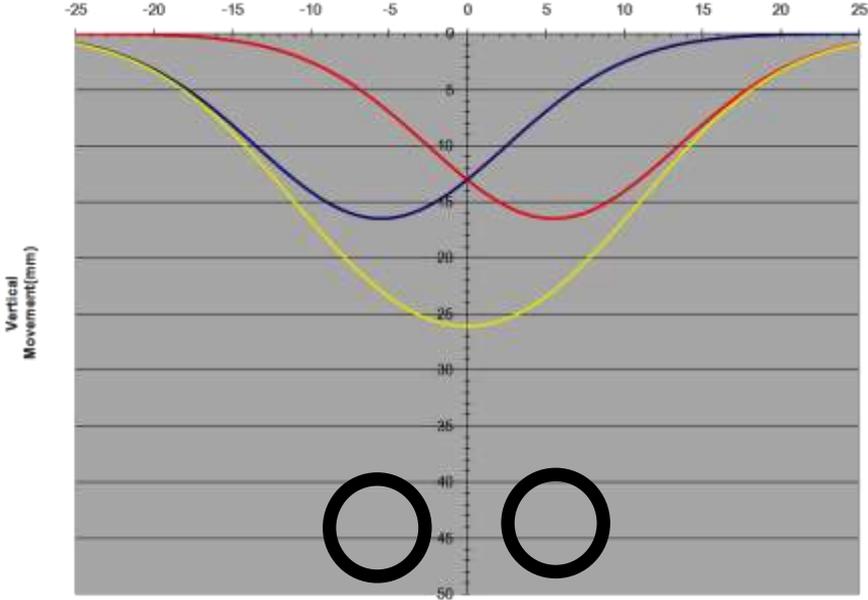
Tunneliers à pression de boue



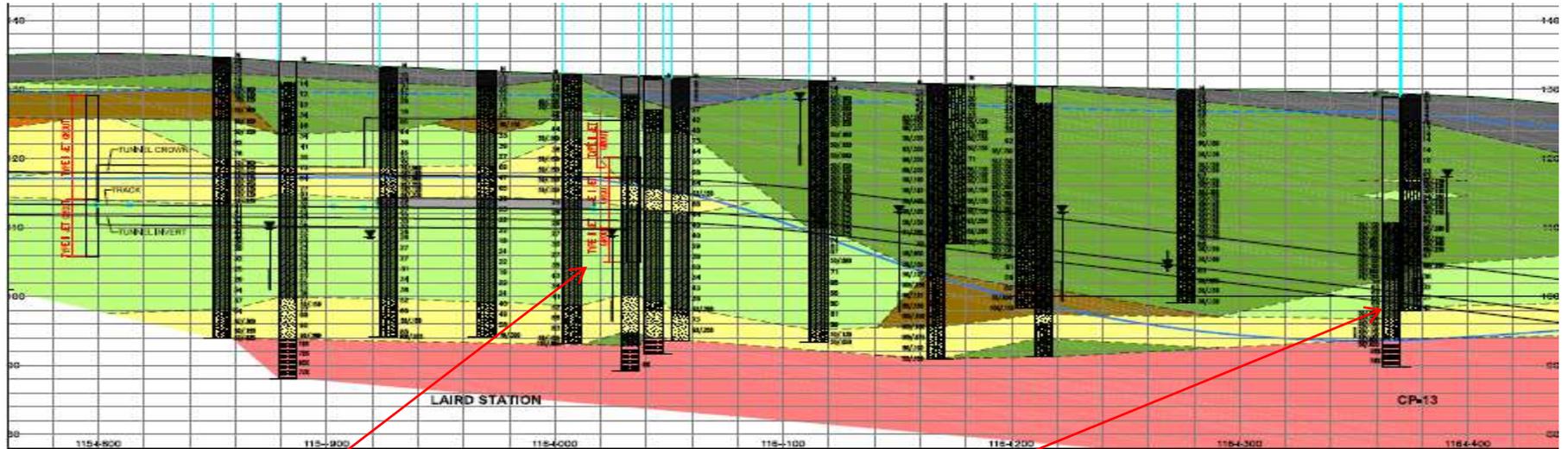
Affaissement causé par le creusement des tunnels



Impact d'affaissement sur les structures existantes



Conditions géologiques

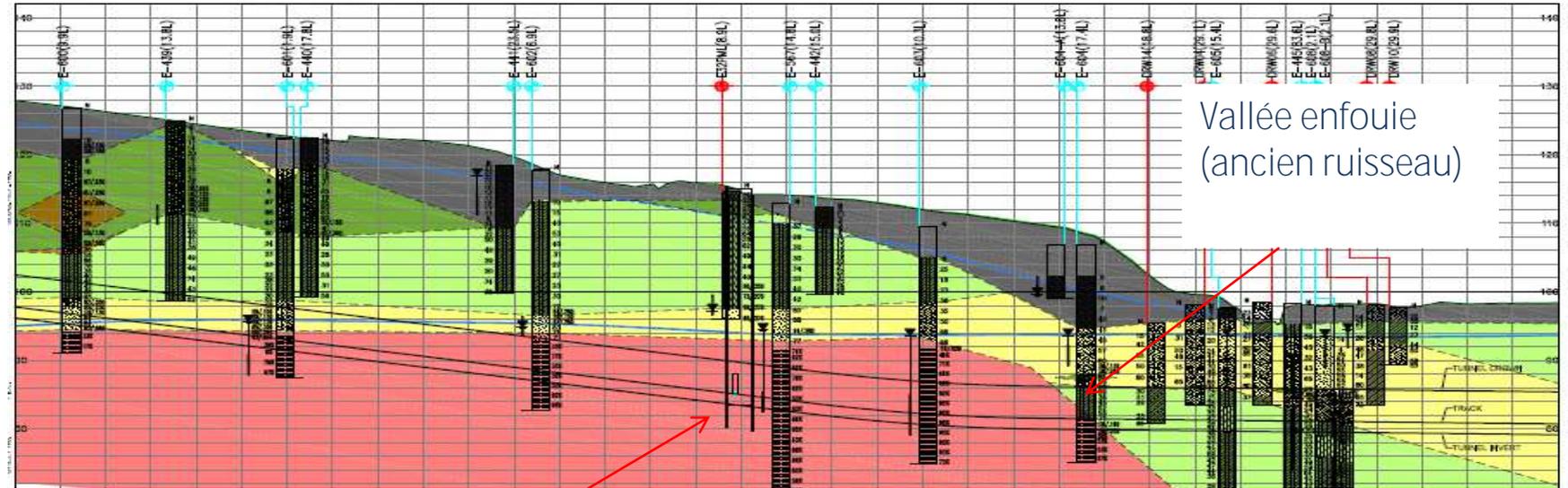


- “Jet Grouting” aux murs de tête
 - Injection type I (matériaux non plastiques ou très tendres)
 - Injection type II (sols durs ou plastiques)

CP13

- Excavation manuelle
- Pas de venue d’eau
- Roc peu profond aux stations Laird, Don River et Don Mills

Conditions géologiques : conditions mixtes



EEB - 4

- Aucun pompage d'eau dans les sols à cause de la présence de contaminants à ne pas déplacer
- Enfoncer les murs sécants jusqu'au roc avec encastrement d'au moins 3 m

Structures typiques



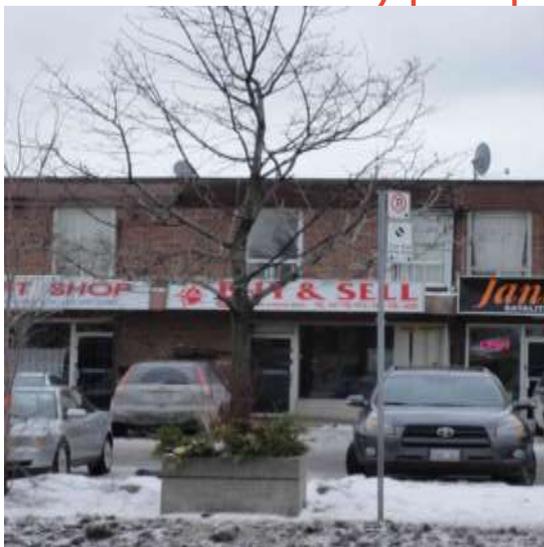
Structures typiques



Structures typiques



Structures typiques



Inventaire des structures existantes

 ECLE 1-1: Eglinton Crosstown LRT Twin Tunnel Building Inventory / General Assessment					
Description Name: Apartment, Stores Street No.: 158 Street Name: EGLINTON AVE W Unit No.:		Surveyed By: Shrestha, Kedar Checked By: Malu, Peter Approximate Slab: 112,745 No. of Storeys: 7		Description Name: Apartment, Stores Street No.: 158 Street Name: EGLINTON AVE W Unit No.:	
Occupancy Type Single Family Residential <input type="checkbox"/> Hospital <input type="checkbox"/> Church <input type="checkbox"/> Multi Family Residential <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offices <input type="checkbox"/> Cultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Garage <input type="checkbox"/> School <input type="checkbox"/> Warehouse <input type="checkbox"/> Service Station <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>					
NBCC Major Occupancy Classification NBCC 2005, Vol. 2, Division II, A-3.1.2.1(1) Group C, Group II					
Structural Framing Material Brick/Masonry <input type="checkbox"/> Assumed <input type="checkbox"/> Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Verified By Drawings Steel <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete <input type="checkbox"/> Wood <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>					
Principal Structural Frame System Shear Wall <input type="checkbox"/> Assumed <input type="checkbox"/> Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Verified By Drawings Braced Frame <input type="checkbox"/> Moment Frame <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>					
Foundation System Spread Footing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Assumed <input type="checkbox"/> Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Verified By Drawings Drilled Castions <input type="checkbox"/> Mat <input type="checkbox"/> Piles <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>					
Basement Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> No. of Basement Level: 4 Assumed <input type="checkbox"/> Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Verified By Drawings					
Elevators Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Assumed <input type="checkbox"/> Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Verified By Drawings					
Building Façade (Cladding) Brick/Masonry <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Assumed <input type="checkbox"/> Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Verified By Drawings Steel <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wood <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete/PC Panels <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ornamental Iron <input type="checkbox"/> Historical <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>					
Visual Exterior Damage * Noted By: Shrestha, Kedar Date: 17-Nov-10 Minor/Cosmetic <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> Major <input type="checkbox"/> Not Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
Visual Structural Damage * Minor <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> Major <input type="checkbox"/> Not Observed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
Observed Overall Building Condition * Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Poor <input type="checkbox"/>					
Building Plans Source City Records <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Property Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Reference No.:					
Building Plans Condition Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Good <input type="checkbox"/> Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Poor <input type="checkbox"/>					
Comments - Damage Description					



Photograph Date: 17-Nov-10 Photograph By: Sathanyagam, Mat

Photo 1

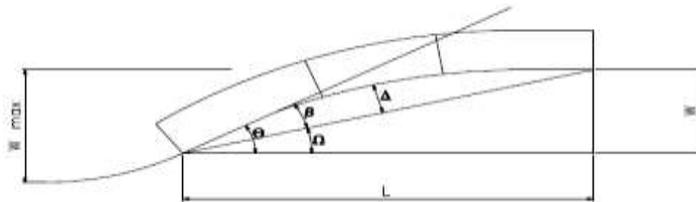
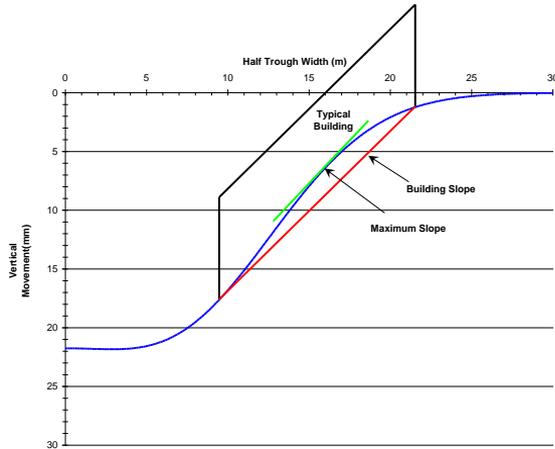


Photograph Date: 17-Nov-10 Photograph By: Sathanyagam, Mat

Photo 2

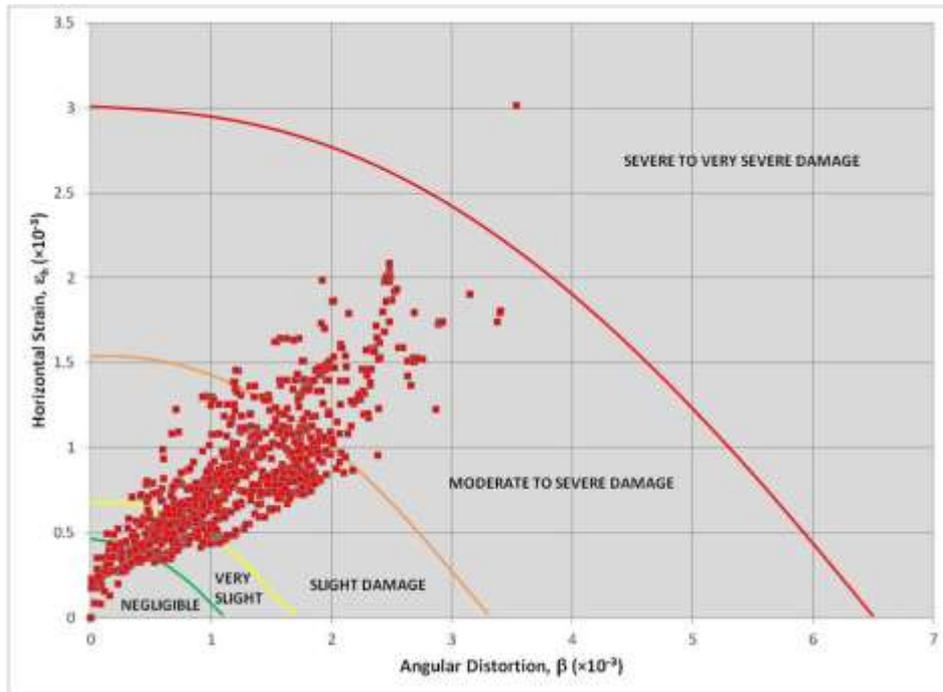
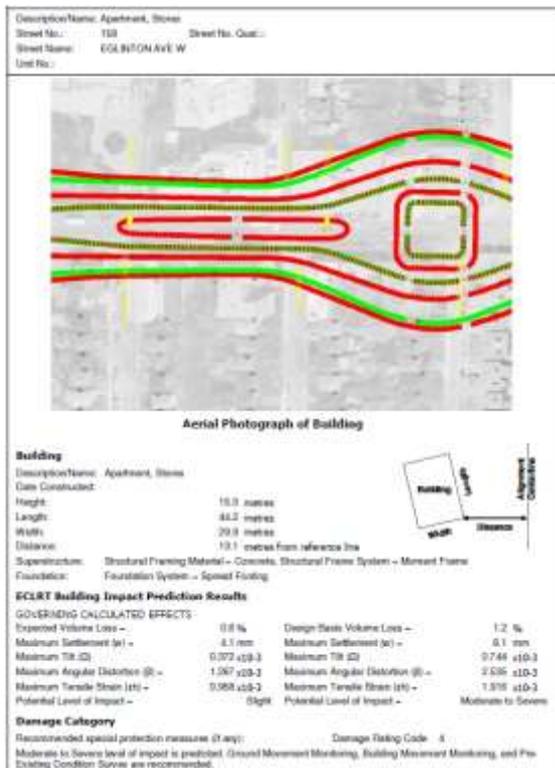
*) These are preliminary observations on the noted date only and are subject to confirmation during pre-construction survey.

Évaluation d'impact: niveau 1 - Empirique

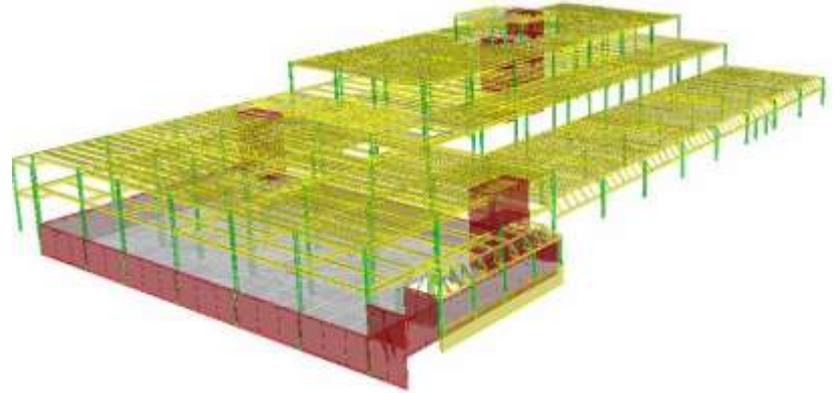
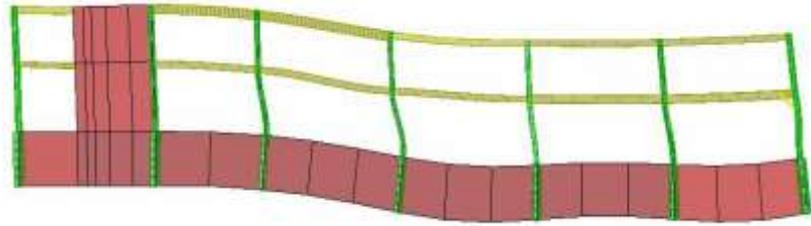


EDLE 1-1: Eglington Crossown LRT Twin Tunnel Level 1 Impact Prediction due to Tunnelling														Hatch Mott MacDonald		
Building Address	Description	Approximate Stationing	No. of Storeys	Depth of Tunnel Springline		Offset from Alignment Centreline (m)	Volume Loss (%)	k	Burland et al (1977)		Predicted Damage Assessment		Boscardin and Corbin (1986)		Recommended Mitigations and Comments *	
				m BGS	m USF				Maximum Settlement Beneath Building Foundation (mm)	Maximum Slope (+/-%)	Settlement Criterion	Slope Criterion	Angular Distortion β (+/-%)	Horizontal Strain ϵ_L (+/-%)		Predicted Damage Assessment
250 EGLINGTON AVE W	Wine Bar Insurance Building	113-490	3	20.88	19.288	12.9	0.5	0.4	3.8	0.034	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.386	0.220	Negligible	GMM + GMM + PCJ
									0.450	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.187	0.194	Negligible		
									11.7	0.640	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.777	0.440	Very Slight	
									12.0	0.600	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.594	0.388	Negligible	
211 EGLINGTON AVE W	Apartments	113-555	3	18.05	15.349	12.9	0.5	0.4	3.4	0.021	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.552	0.227	Negligible	GMM + GMM + PCJ
									0.027	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.306	0.252	Negligible		
									19.8	2.042	Negligible or Very Slight	Slight	1.194	0.610	Slight	
									12.3	1.258	Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.812	0.504	Very Slight	
166 SACRED CROWN AVE	Apartments	113-685	3	18.59	15.358	10.2	0.5	0.4	3.3	0.059	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.582	0.223	Negligible	GMM + GMM + PCJ
									0.050	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.318	0.280	Negligible		
									19.5	2.117	Negligible or Very Slight	Slight	1.125	0.647	Slight	
									12.3	1.306	Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.826	0.627	Very Slight	
151 EGLINGTON AVE W	Toronto Independent High School	113-715	4	15.15	11.348	10.4	0.6	0.3	1.3	0.950	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.672	0.571	Very Slight	GMM + GMM + PCJ Level 2 Structural Analysis Recommended
									1.545	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.889	0.597	Slight		
									2.6	1.906	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	1.344	1.142	Slight	
									10.2	2.688	Negligible or Very Slight	Slight	1.790	1.195	Moderate to Severe	
137 EGLINGTON AVE W	Apartments	113-790	3	15.15	13.948	10.5	0.5	0.3	3.1	1.287	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.715	0.562	Slight	GMM + GMM + PCJ Level 2 Structural Analysis Recommended
									1.076	Negligible or Very Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	0.542	0.403	Very Slight		
									1.1	2.784	Negligible or Very Slight	Slight	1.538	1.194	Moderate to Severe	
									12.4	2.157	Slight	Negligible or Very Slight	1.384	0.905	Slight	

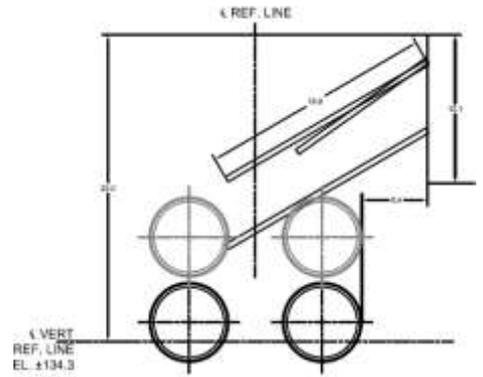
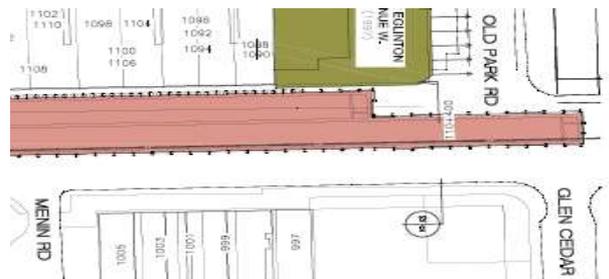
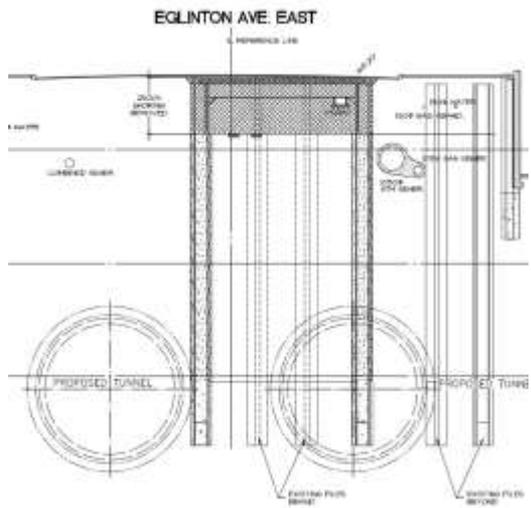
Résultat de l'évaluation d'impact: niveau 1



Évaluation d'impact niveau 2 – Modélisation numérique



Obstructions (piles abandonnées, ancrages)



- RECORDS SHOW TIEBACK ANCHORS ENCR OACH ONTO EGLINTON AVE.
- RECORDS SUGGEST RAKERS / NO TIEBACK ANCHORS ENCR OACH ONTO EGLINTON AVE.
- SMALL RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL OR OLDER STRUCTURES WITH SHALLOW FOUNDATION WITH NOT TIEBACK EXPECTED
- PROPOSED STRUCTURE (POTENTIAL FOR PRESENCE OF TIEBACK ANCHORS)
- POTENTIAL FOR PRESENCE OF TIEBACK ANCHORS



HATCH





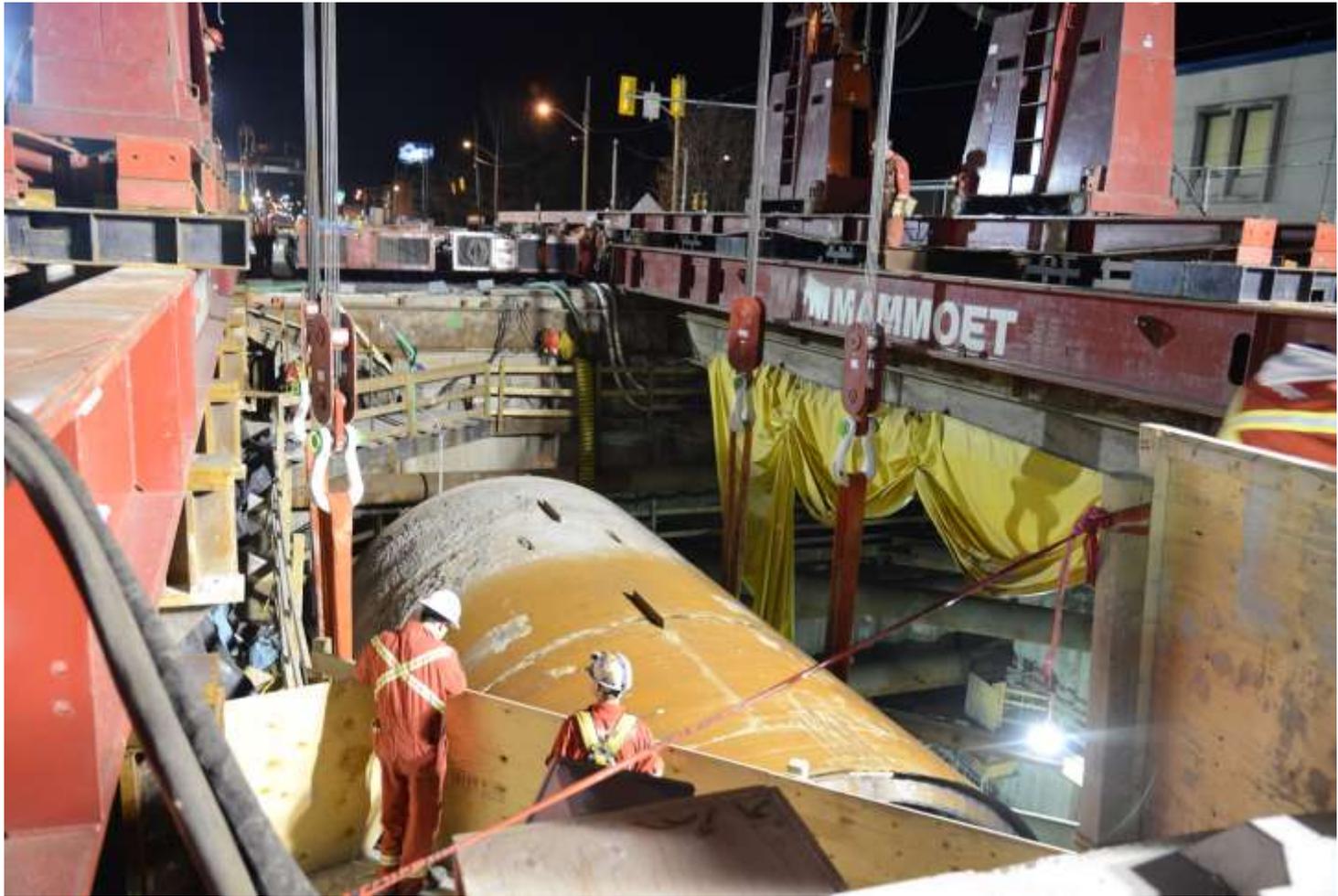




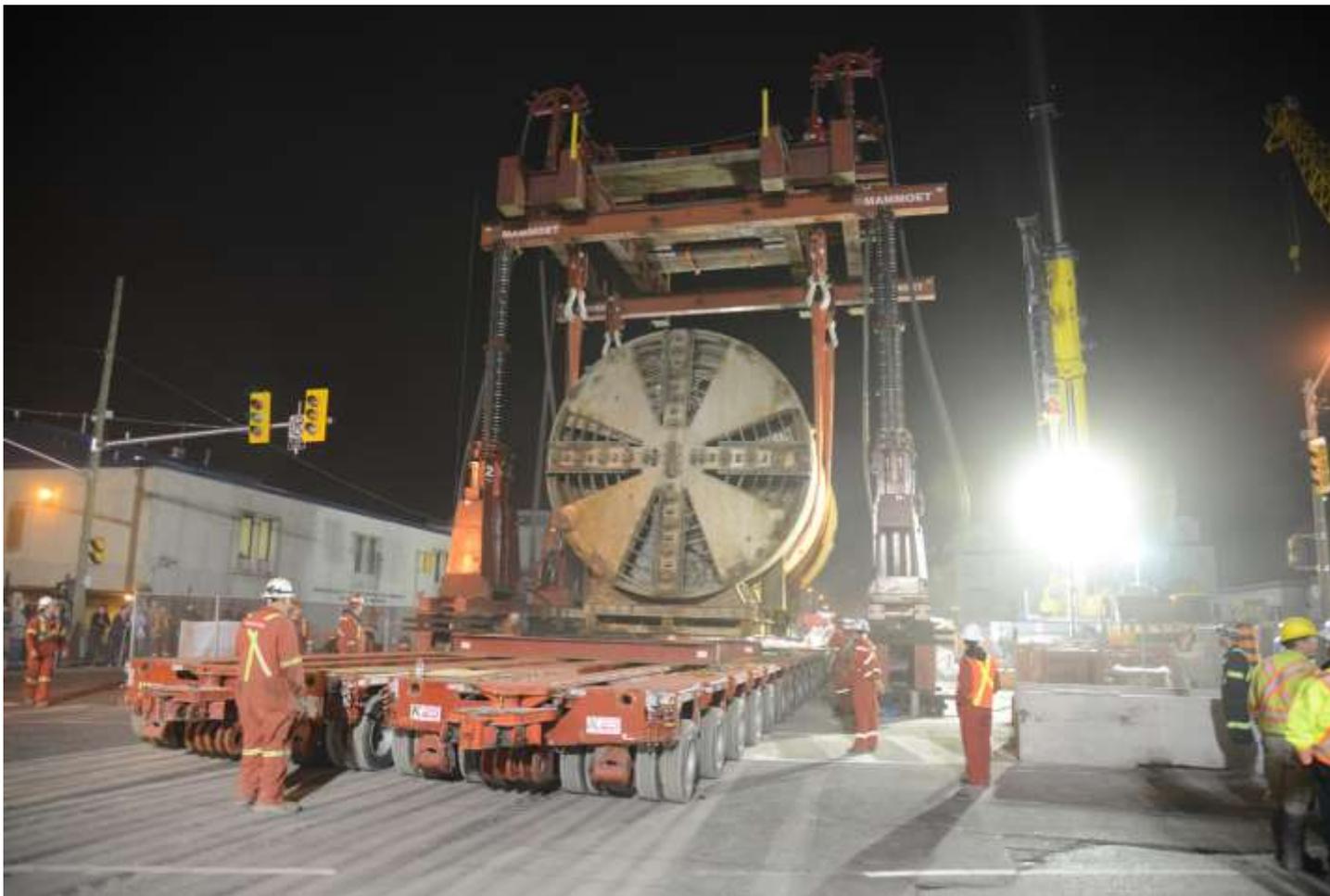












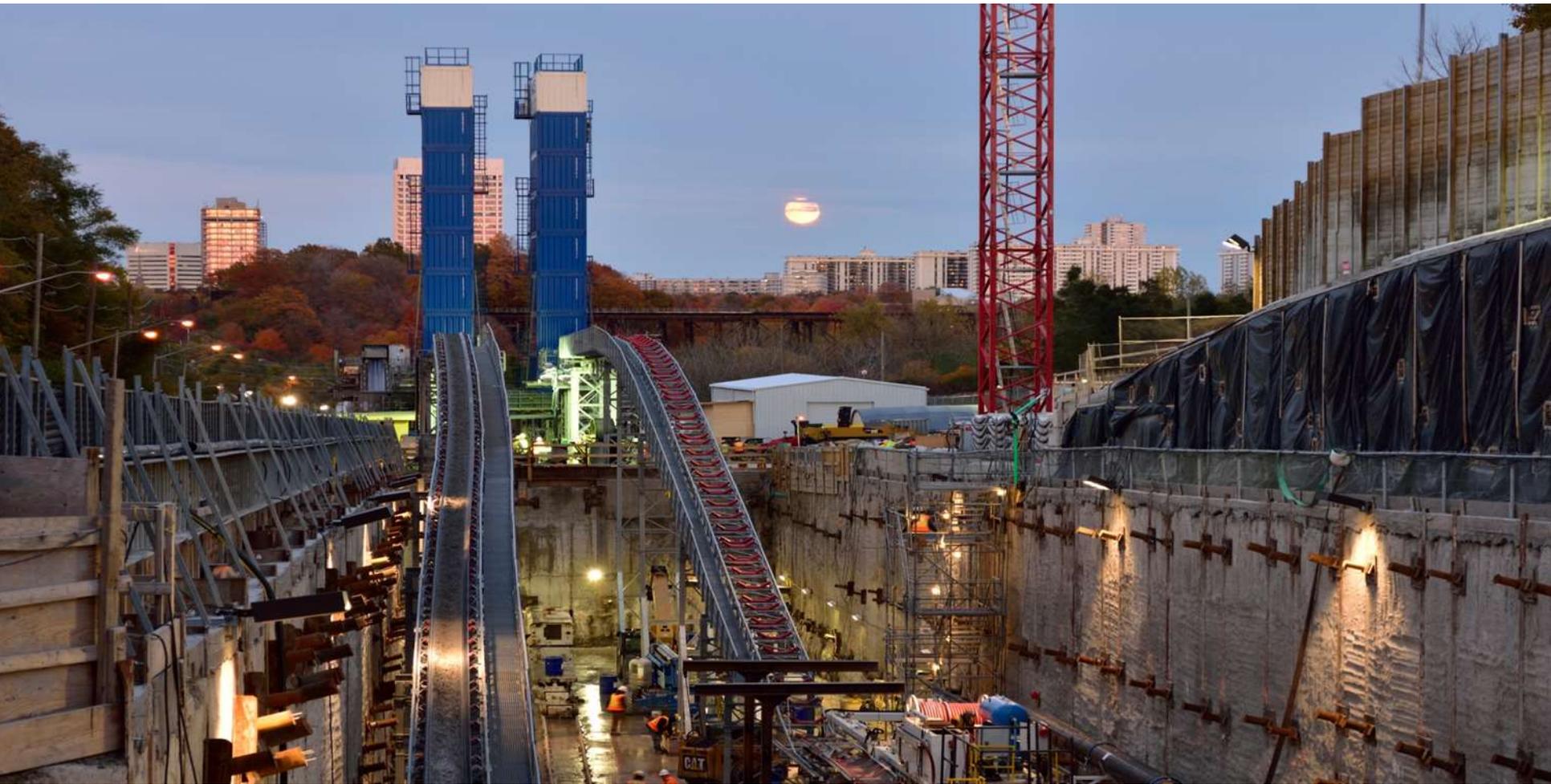












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Merci.

Pour plus d'information,
visitez le site www.hatch.ca.